Doc code: RCEX
Doc description: Request for Continued Examination (RCE)

PTO/SB/30EFS (11-08)
Approved for use through 12/31/2008. OMB 0651-0031
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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			(Submitted	d Only via EFS	-Web)		
Application Number	10/648,585	Filing Date	2003-08-25	Docket Number (if applicable)	129843-1102	Art Unit	1791
First Named Inventor	Amlan Datta			Examiner Name	Q. S. Dehghan		
Request for C	ontinued Examina	ation (RCE)	practice under 37 CI		above-identified application pply to any utility or plant appl WWW.USPTO.GOV		prior to June 8,
		S	UBMISSION REQ	UIRED UNDER 37	7 CFR 1.114		
in which they	were filed unless	applicant ins		applicant does not wi	nents enclosed with the RCE sh to have any previously filed		
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⊠ Ar	nendment/Reply						
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				requested under 37 ler 37 CFR 1.17(i) re	CFR 1.103(c) for a period of quired)	months _	
Other							
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The Dire	ctor is hereby aut		-	FR 1.114 when the F ment of fees, or cred	RCE is filed. it any overpayments, to		
		SIGNATUF	RE OF APPLICAN	T, ATTORNEY, OF	R AGENT REQUIRED		
□ Patent	Practitioner Signa	ature					
Applic Applic	ant Signature						

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Signature of Registered U.S. Patent Practitioner				
Signature	/Monique A. Vander Molen/	Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2009-03-10	
Name	Monique A. Vander Molen	Registration Number	53716	

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.114. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:

Amlan Datta, et al.

Application No.:

10/648,585

Filing Date:

August 25, 2003

Confirmation No.:

4088

Group Art Unit:

1791

Examiner:

Queenie S. Dehghan

For:

Synthetic Microspheres and Methods of Making

Same

VIA EFS

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

AMENDMENT PURSUANT TO REQUEST FOR CONTINUED EXAMINATION [Submission under 37 C.F.R. § 1.114(c)]

Dear Sir:

Applicants submit this paper in reply to an Office Action made final and mailed October 14, 2008. The amendments and remarks as provided herein are filed pursuant to a Request for Continued Examination under 37 C.F.R. § 1.114 submitted concurrently herewith.

In view of the following amendments and remarks, Applicants respectfully request entry of this Amendment, believed necessary to bring prosecution to a speedy conclusion and to deal justly by Applicants and the public. Applicants submit that the Amendment provided herewith defines their invention in claims that will give them patent protection to which they are justly entitled. This Amendment does not introduce matter requiring an additional search on the part of

the Examiner. Accordingly, Applicants respectfully request reconsideration and withdrawal of the outstanding rejections and request allowance of claims pending in their Application for patent.

Provided herewith and for consideration with the above-identified Application are:

Amendments to the Claims reflected in the Listing of Claims that begin on page 3;

Remarks that begin on page 7; and

Conclusion that begins on page 10 of this paper.

Listing of Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the Application for patent.

1. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A method of forming synthetic microspheres, comprising:

providing an agglomerate precursor, wherein the agglomerate precursor comprises at least one aluminosilicate material and at least one binding agent, wherein the agglomerate precursor has an alkali metal oxide content of less than about 10 wt. % based on the weight of the precursor; and

firing the precursor at a pre-determined temperature profile sufficient to combine the aluminosilicate material with the binding agent so as to form a microsphere having a substantially spherical wall, a substantial void volume and an average particle diameter greater than 30 microns.

- 2. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 1, wherein the firing step comprises firing the precursor at a temperature range of between about 600 to 2500 °C.
- 3. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 1, wherein the firing step is performed in a fluidized bed reactor.
- 4. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 1, wherein the firing step is performed in a vortex furnace.
- 5. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 1, wherein the firing step is performed in a heated vertical pipe.
- 6. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 1, wherein the firing step is performed in a fuel fired furnace.
- 7. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 2, wherein the firing step further comprises firing the precursor for a period of about 0.05 to 20 seconds.

- 8. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 1, further comprising providing a blowing agent and activating the blowing agent during the firing step so as to release a blowing gas, thereby forming at least one substantially enclosed void in the precursor.
- 9. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 8, wherein the firing step comprises forming a molten skin around the precursor.
- 10. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 9, wherein the blowing agent is activated during the formation of the molten skin.
- 11. The method of claim 9, wherein the blowing agent is activated after the formation of the molten skin.
- 12. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 9, wherein the blowing gas is substantially trapped inside the molten skin.
- 13. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A method of manufacturing synthetic microspheres, comprising:

providing an agglomerate precursor comprising a pre-determined amount of at least one primary component comprising an aluminosilicate and a pre-determined amount of at least one pre-selected chemical, wherein the at least one pre-selected chemical is combined with the primary component to form a mixture and wherein the agglomerate precursor has an alkali metal oxide content of less than 10 wt. % based on the weight of the precursor;

drying the mixture to form the agglomerate precursor to a first moisture level; and firing the agglomerate precursor so as to react the at least one pre-selected chemical to form substantially spherical microspheres having a substantial void volume and an average diameter greater than 30 microns.

- 14. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 13, wherein the at least one pre-selected chemical comprises a binding agent.
- 15. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 14, wherein the at least one pre-selected chemical further comprises a blowing agent, wherein the blowing agent, when reacted in the firing step, releases an amount of blowing gas, wherein the blowing gas expands the precursor thereby forming a plurality of microspheres with one or more substantially enclosed voids therein.

- 16. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method of claim 13 elaim 15, wherein the aluminosilicate in the primary component in selected from the group consisting of fly ash, basaltic rocks and combinations thereof, wherein the blowing agent is selected from the group consisting of powdered coal, carbon black, sugar, and silicon carbide, wherein the binding agent is selected from the group consisting of alkali silicates, hydroxides, and combinations thereof.
- 17. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 13, wherein the firing step comprises firing the mixture at a temperature range of between about 600 to 2500 °C.
- 18. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 13, further comprising rapidly cooling the synthetic microspheres after the firing step.
- 19. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 15, wherein the blowing gas is selected from the group consisting of CO₂, CO, O₂, N₂, N₂O, NO, SO₂, H₂O, and mixtures thereof.
- 20. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 13, wherein drying the precursor to a first moisture level comprises drying the precursor to a moisture level of less than about 14 wt. %.
- 21. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 13, wherein the drying step comprises drying the agglomerate at a temperature of about 400 °C. prior to the firing step.
- 22. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 13, wherein the drying step comprises drying the agglomerate at a temperature of about 50 °C. prior to the firing step.
- 23. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 13, wherein the drying step is configured to remove moisture from the precursor so as to substantially reduce rupturing of the agglomerates during the firing step.

24. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A method of forming synthetic microspheres, comprising:

providing an agglomerate precursor, wherein the agglomerate precursor comprises a primary component with at least one aluminosilicate material of a pre-selected particle size, a blowing agent configured to release a gas when activated and a binding agent, wherein the agglomerate precursor is formed by:

mixing the primary component, blowing agent and binding agent with water to form a substantially homogenous mixture; and

drying the mixture to form the agglomerate precursor; and

firing the precursor at a predetermined temperature and a predetermined period of time to activate the blowing agent to release gas, wherein the temperature is greater than 800 degrees Centigrade and the time is 20 seconds or less, thereby forming microspheres with an internal void and an alkali metal oxide content of less than about 10 wt. %

Remarks

Claims 1-24 are pending with this Application.

In the Office Action made final and mailed October 14, 2008, Claims 16 was rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, for including two claim numbers. Applicants thank the Examiner for noting this and have corrected the duplication.

Claims 1-2, 6 and 8 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Application Publication No. 2002/0004111 (hereinafter "Matsubara"). Dependent claims, including Claims 3, 5, 8, 9, 11-15, 17-20 and 23 were rejected as being unpatentable over Matsubara in view of U.S. Patent No. 3.838,998 (hereinafter "Matthews") or JP Publication No. 07024299 (Abstract only, hereinafter, "Seki") and/or further in view of U.S. Patent No. 2,978,340 (hereinafter, "Veatch") or Publication No. SU 1650196 (Abstract only; hereinafter, "Kizilshtei") or U.S. Patent No. 4,235,753 (hereinafter, "Brown") or U.S. Patent No. 3,888,957 (hereinafter, "Netting").

Applicants respectfully point out that the rejections raised by the Examiner appear to be cyclical (as they had been raised before) and there are several key and continued misunderstandings with regard to the subject invention and those cited by others. Applicants respectfully note that they have to date already addressed both Matsubara and Matthews on three separate occasions with very specific details regarding how the two references do not teach the claimed invention nor is there any ability to combine the two references because they expressly teach very different spheres and processes of making very different spheres.

Applicants again point out that the teachings of Matsubara and Matthews do not overlap and their methods rely on very separate processes. The Examiner is also requested to review Applicants response mailed September 10, 2007, another response mailed October 23, 2007, which were also discussed in a telephone interview held with the Examiner on August 30, 2007.

On each of these occasions, the difference processes taught by Matsubara as compared with Matthews were discussed and with some detail. Applicants remarks are reiterated below.

Matsubara uses a very different method of making particles than taught and claimed by Applicants (or as taught by Matthews). Matsubara creates glass particles from a liquid slurry of fine granulated (pulverized) particles not from an agglomerate precursor (e.g., [0035], [0050]). The liquid slurry of Matsubara consists of tiny particles, at most 3.0 μm, preferably 2.0 μm. Matsubara's liquid slurry includes a combustible liquid so that once sprayed, heated fine liquid droplets become tiny molten droplets that combust forming tiny glass spheres (e.g., [para. 0050]). As such, the formed spheres of Matsubara are very small, "at most 30 um" [e.g., para. 0012]. In fact, the formed spheres of Matsubara are desired to be not more than 15 μm because otherwise Matsubara explains that the particles are not satisfactory and lose the required surface characteristics and there is deterioration of other properties as well (e.g., para. 0017]). Matsubara's glass spheres are designed to be absent of any alkali metal, stating specifically as "containing no alkali metal or substantially no alkali metal" (para. [0060]). Hence Matsubara does not prepare an agglomerate precursor, does not fire the agglomerate precursor and does not prepare microspheres having an average diameter greater than 30 microns, as is claimed by Applicants' claimed invention. Matsubara does not teach each and every element of Applicant's claimed invention or the claimed invention on its whole. Accordingly, Matsubara cannot anticipate or be obvious over the claimed invention.

Matsubara's method of making a sphere cannot be combined with that of Matthews because the two processes are entirely different. One cannot take an individual step or composition of an entirely different method and assume it will work on another very different method without explicit evidence. The Examiner has not provided any such explicit evidence to support the suggestion of obviousness, which is required to form a *prima facie* case. Unlike Matsubara, Mathews does not prepare spheres from a fine liquid droplet nor does Matthews form particles less than 30 microns in size. Furthermore, Matthews specifically requires an alkali metal oxide content of about 20 wt. % in its feed particles (e.g., Col. 6, ll.50-56) in order to

create and achieve its spheres, which are stated to have a size range of 50 to 5000 microns (e.g., Abstract; Col. 11, Il. 33-36). Matthews' spheres are formed from a high temperature and a low temperature glass former. Thus, the two teachings of Matsubara as compared with Matthews, are very different and there is no understanding of how they can be combined. The Examiner is respectfully requested to provide specific secondary evidence showing how such references can be combined to prepare Applicants' claimed invention. Applicants have shown that the teachings of Matsubara and Matthews cannot be combined nor is there any suggestion, implicit or explicit, to do so. One of skill in the art would certainly not look to either reference to arrive at Applicants' claimed invention because neither reference suggest the claimed invention, each and every element or on the invention on its whole nor is there a likely combination of the two references. Because neither Matsubara nor Matthews alone or when combined teach each and every element of Applicant's claimed invention or the claimed invention on its whole, the references are not obvious and the claimed invention is patentable. Further combinations of references with Matsubara or Matthews, including references such as Seki, Veatch, Kizilshtei, Brown or Netting, do not overcome the overarching inability to combine Matsubara and Matthews.

Applicants respectfully request all rejections under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, and 103(a) be removed and the application be considered for allowance.

Conclusion

Applicants respectfully submit that the Application for patent is in condition for allowance, and pursuant to the filing of this Amendment, a Request for Continued Prosecution, a Petition for Extension of Time and the appropriate fees, Applicants earnestly seek allowance of the claims, as provided in the Listing of Claims beginning on page 3 of this paper.

Should the Examiner have questions, comments, or suggestions in furtherance of the prosecution of this Application, please contact Applicants' representative at 214-999-4330. Applicants, through their representative, stand ready to conduct a telephone interview with the Examiner to review this Application if the Examiner believes that such an interview would assist in the advancement of this Application.

To the extent that any further extension fees are required, the Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge payment of any additional fees to Deposit Account No. 07-0153 of Gardere Wynne Sewell LLP and reference Attorney Docket No. 129843-1102. Please credit any overpayments to this same Deposit Account.

This is intended to be a complete response to the Office Action made final and mailed October 14, 2008.

Please direct all correspondence to the practitioner listed below at <u>Customer No.</u> 60148.

Respectfully submitted,

Monique A. Vander Molen
Registration No. 53,716

Dated: March 10, 2009

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARMENT OF COMMERCE
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PETITION	FOR EXTENSION OF TIME UNDER	37 CFR 1.136(a)	Docket Number (Optional	al)
(Fees	FY 2009 pursuant to the Consolidated Appropriations Act,	, 2005 (H.R. 4818).)	129843-1102	
Application I	Number 10/348,585		Filed August 25,	2003
For Sy	nthetic Microspheres and Methods of	Making Same		
Art Unit	1791		Examiner Dehghar	n
This is a req application.	quest under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13	6(a) to extend the perio	od for filing a reply in the	e above identified
The request	ted extension and fee are as follows (chec	k time period desired a	and enter the appropriate	e fee below):
		<u>Fee</u>	Small Entity Fee	
	One month (37 CFR 1.17(a)(1))	\$130	\$65	\$
7	Two months (37 CFR 1.17(a)(2))	\$490	\$245	\$_490.00
	Three months (37 CFR 1.17(a)(3))	\$1110	\$555	\$
	Four months (37 CFR 1.17(a)(4))	\$1730	\$865	\$
	Five months (37 CFR 1.17(a)(5))	\$2350	\$1175	\$
Applica	nt claims small entity status. See 37 CFR	1.27.		
A chec	k in the amount of the fee is enclosed	I.		
Payme	ent by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is a	attached.		
The Di	rector has already been authorized to	charge fees in this a	application to a Depos	sit Account.
	rector is hereby authorized to charge a it Account Number 070153	any fees which may	be required, or credit	any overpayment, to
WARNIN	NG: Information on this form may become pu credit card information and authorization or		nation should not be inclu	uded on this form.
I am the	applicant/inventor.			
	assignee of record of the entire Statement under 37 CFR 3			
	attorney or agent of record. Re	, ,	•	<u></u>
	attorney or agent under 37 CF Registration number if acting under	FR 1.34. er 37 CFR 1.34		
/Moniq	ue A. Vander Molen/		March 10, 20	009
	Signature			Date
Moniqu ———	ue A. Vander Molen		214-999-3000	
	Typed or printed name		Telepho	one Number
	res of all the inventors or assignees of record of the en juired, see below.	ntire interest or their represen	tative(s) are required. Submit	multiple forms if more than one
✓ Total	of 1 forms an	e submitted.		

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.136(a). The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 6 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

Electronic Patent <i>I</i>	4pp	olication Fee	Transm	ittal		
Application Number:	10	648585				
Filing Date:	25	-Aug-2003				
Title of Invention:	Synthetic microspheres and methods of making same					
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	An	nlan Datta				
Filer:	Monique A. Vander Molen					
Attorney Docket Number:	ttorney Docket Number: 129843-1102					
Filed as Large Entity						
Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees						
Description		Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)	
Basic Filing:						
Pages:						
Claims:						
Miscellaneous-Filing:						
Petition:						
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:						
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:						
Extension-of-Time:						
Extension - 2 months with \$0 paid		1252	1	490	490	

Description	Fee Code Quantity		Amount	Sub-Total in USD(\$)	
Miscellaneous:					
Request for continued examination	1801 1		810	810	
	1300				

Electronic A	Acknowledgement Receipt
EFS ID:	4938029
Application Number:	10648585
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	4088
Title of Invention:	Synthetic microspheres and methods of making same
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Amlan Datta
Customer Number:	60148
Filer:	Monique A. Vander Molen
Filer Authorized By:	
Attorney Docket Number:	129843-1102
Receipt Date:	10-MAR-2009
Filing Date:	25-AUG-2003
Time Stamp:	15:09:26
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)
Payment information:	
Submitted with Payment	yes

Submitted with Payment	yes
Payment Type	Credit Card
Payment was successfully received in RAM	\$1300
RAM confirmation Number	499
Deposit Account	
Authorized User	
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File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)

		Total Files Size (in byte	s): 517	096	
Information:					
Warnings:					
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4	Fee Worksheet (PTO-06)	fee-info.pdf	31609	no	2
Information:					
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ω	Extension of Time	Petition.pdf	45419	no	1
Information:					
Warnings:					
4	Filing of CPA/RCE	amenamenapai	ec6b7d26b6f29cfeaa544d38ec96483c11e9 f9de	110	10
2	Amendment Submitted/Entered with	amendment.pdf	406699	no	10
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Warnings:			·	<u> </u>	
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1	Request for Continued Examination	RCE.pdf	33369	no	

This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.